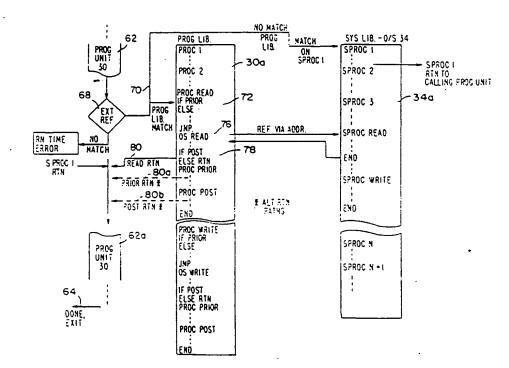


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## (54) Title: INTERCEPTION SYSTEM AND METHOD INCLUDING USER INTERFACE





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#### (57) Abstract

A method of intercepting pre-existing computer instructions in order to modify and/or enhance pre-existing program units (30) and supply user entry points determines, in one or more embodiments, if a reference can be found in a program unit (30). If so located, the corresponding method provides user code entry points (steps 72, 78) before and after the intercepted instruction, perhaps in modified and/or enhanced form, is executed (step 76). Blocks of user supplied code can be provided at the entry points to enhance, upgrade, and/or expand upon the inchercepted instruction, thereby enhancing the pre-existing program unit (30).

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# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No PCT/US93/11506

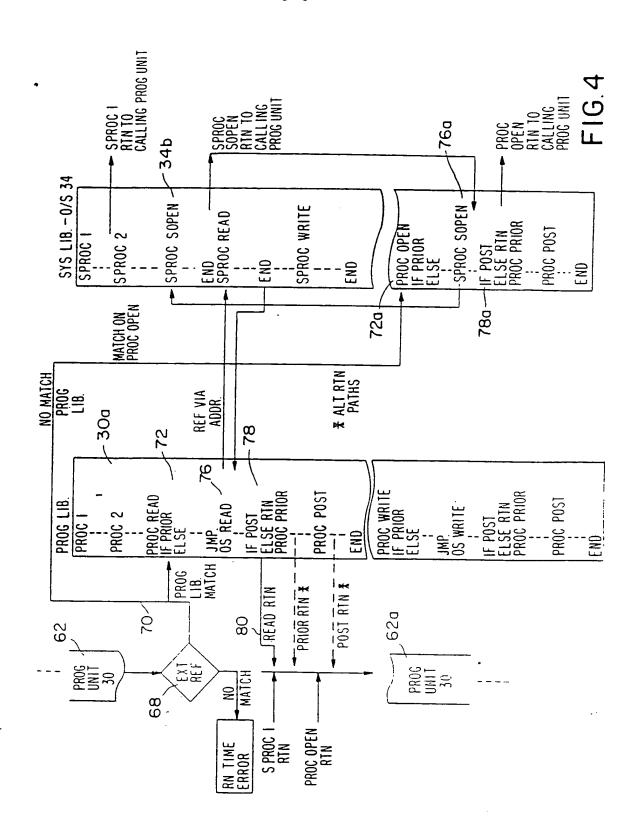
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	7, lines 11-35, and figures 3 and 4	<b>.</b>		
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# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No PCT/US93/11506

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevan	it passages	Relevant to claim No
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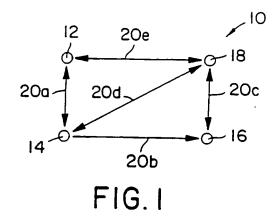
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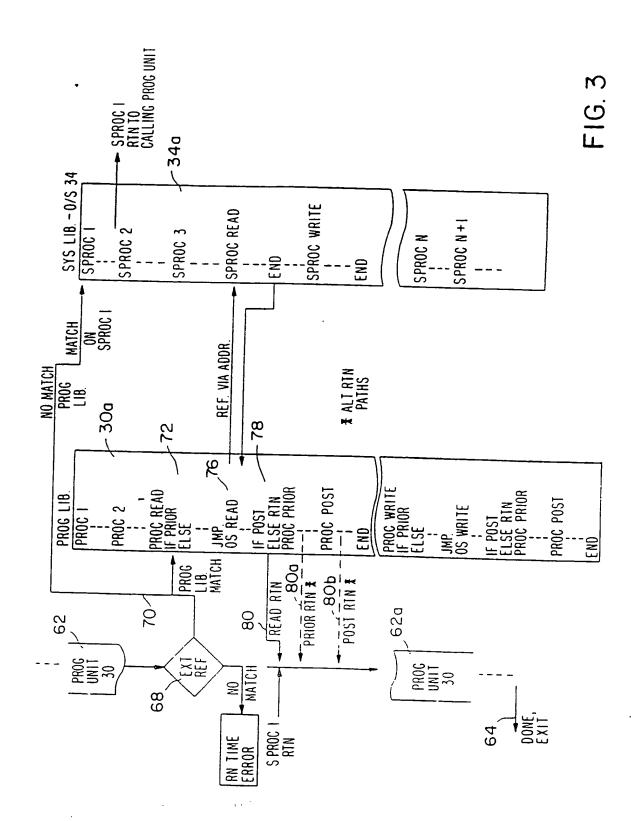


OPERATOR INTERF.

| 30a | 36 |
| PROG. | 30 |
| O/S 34 |
| CPU 32

FIG. 2

igi.



# INTERCEPTION SYSTEM AND METHOD INCLUDING USER INTERPACE

#### Field of the Invention

The invention relates to single and multiprocessor computer systems that supply system services to requesting program units running on or in such systems. More particularly, the invention relates to methods of enhancing or modifying the run-time operation of selected, pre-existing program units.

### 10 Background of the Invention

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Computer systems have, over a period of years, evolved from stand-alone individual processors to various forms of multi-processor systems. Many computer systems use program units, sometimes referred to simply as "programs".

The program units contain computer instructions which the computer system can execute in order to perform specific functions. These program units may have been created from other program units. However, in most cases, a human being was involved at some point in the creation of the set of computer instructions being executed.

Program units are intended to meet certain known or projected needs when implemented. However, most program units designed in the past or being designed in the present will not conform to all future needs.

Prior art systems have approached the need to be flexible to deal with future needs in many ways. In many cases, prior approaches have not been cost effective and/or do not allow the user many options on their implementation.

The evolution and combination of new hardware systems, new operating systems, new program units, new system procedures, new data structures, or new user interfaces may require that the original program units be modified, recompiled, or worse, abandoned due to compatibility and/or cost related problems. Some of the prior art approaches require extensive training on both the use and implementation of these methods. Some users may not be able to afford the time, money, and human resources to implement the prior art approaches.

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This need for flexibility in updating or modifying existing programs is especially apparent in multi-processor distributed systems. Several different types of problems have provided the impetus to the drive toward multi-processor systems.

One impetus has been a desire to share information more effectively among diverse users. An approach to this problem has been to couple a variety of processors, which may or may not be the same, together via a local area network. Such networks enable many different individuals and their associated processors to have access to common information and to have access to one another.

Yet another impetus toward multi-processor environments has been a desire to create highly reliable computer systems out of less reliable components. Such systems are typically used in environments such as banking, transaction processing, or inventory control, wherein reliability is of paramount importance.

One such family of computer systems is marketed by Tandem of Cupertino, California. Tandem systems can be implemented in stand-alone, multiple processor configurations, or as multiple interconnected nodes. Each node corresponds to one or more multiple processor systems.

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Where major program systems, which might include dozens of program units, to support multiple remote transaction terminals or inventory control functions are installed and running on a production basis in a multiple processor environment, the abovenoted problem of updating and maintaining program units becomes very difficult and expensive to solve. For example, a new operating system might be adopted by the hardware vendor. In such an instance, the system operator might have to install the new operating system to receive continuing support and operating system maintenance.

If the change in operating systems is not transparent to the existing program systems, they may need to be modified or recompiled. This process is not only expensive and time consuming, but in a multiprogram, multi-processor environment can result in errors which could cause catastrophic results.

In addition, where the software had been obtained from a third party vendor, the user might not have the source code or documentation necessary to make modifications, expansions, or recompilations. Worse yet, the third party vendor will, in all likelihood, not continue to support or provide new releases to the user.

Thus, there continues to be a need to be able to safely upgrade or modify existing programs in a cost effective fashion as the requirements or the environment change. Preferably, this need could be met by system operating personnel without a need to return to the original software vendor or to modify the original provided program units.

In addition, in a multiple processor system, the operating environment is continuously changing. As a result, the mix of resources, available processors, and the like, available each time a program unit or a

process is initiated, will be different, depending on what other program units or processes are active at any given time.

Thus, there is continuous problem of resource allocation and management which must be addressed in such systems. One known approach, marketed by the assignee of the present application under the name of "Automatic Network Balancing System" for Tandem computers, provides resource allocation services and resource management in such environments based on predetermined and fixed allocation methods.

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In the known automatic network balancing system, the performance factors which are taken into account to select the best or most appropriate processor to which a process is to be allocated, include availability or busy state of a given processor, available memory, swap rate, dispatch rate, memory queue length, jobs that are available on the ready list, as well a number of others. The various performance factors are evaluated using a weighing system. The processor which appears to be most appropriate is then selected to run the process.

The known load balancing system has been very successful and can be used to substantially increase performance of Tandem-like systems. Nevertheless, the method of selecting the most appropriate processor to be allocated to carry out a given task does not take into account site or user needs for diversity or customization between one installation and another.

Thus, there continues to be a need for a more flexible approach which can take into account variations from site to site. Preferably, such an approach could be implemented to allow site specific input to the processor selection process or to expand upon the services provided to a given process which is being

executed. Preferably, the implementation will betransparent to the respective process.

#### Summary of the Invention

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This invention is directed to an apparatus and a method of run-time interception of pre-existing computer instructions in program units in order to support user hooks or entry points which can be used to modify and/or enhance the originating and/or receiving program units, at the user's discretion. As a result, the program units can meet the user's present needs and allow modification by the users, on an as needed basis, to support the future needs. Using the present invention, this can be accomplished without requiring the support and/or guidance and/or expertise of the original authors and/or inventors of the program units being intercepted or any additional physical, electronics, or mechanical device.

The above result is achieved by intercepting system service calls which are made by executing program units at run time when the program units request that the operating system of the computer system provide a service on their behalf. The interception can take place in the main program units, user library program units, system library program units, or a combination of the program units listed above.

The method also contemplates that the interception of the system service calls and user hooks or entry points would be placed in several types of program units. This gives the users many options as to where the interceptions of the system service calls will take place. Further, it allows the user to implement the invention on a program unit by program unit basis, if desired, or to implement the invention on a system by system basis.

In accordance with one aspect of the invention, an apparatus and a method are provided for altering or translating one or more steps of a pre-existing method for carrying out a predetermined function. Site or user defined steps or functions can be incorporated into the process for customization or specialization.

The method can be used, for example, for allocating resources within a multiple processor computer system. In other aspects of the invention, different types of functions can be implemented beyond those specified in the pre-existing method.

The method includes detecting a step which is a candidate for alteration. The alteration process could include carrying out a different function from that which the step initially requested, or for translating or expanding upon the step.

A determination is made if a previously defined, user supplied, pre-alteration set of steps is to be executed before carrying out one or more predetermined altering or translating steps. In response to this determining step, the group of site or user supplied pre-alteration or pre-translation steps is executed as indicated.

The method then includes executing the one or more predefined altering or translating steps. Such steps could include, in accordance with one aspect of the invention, determining which of a plurality of available resources is to be used to carry out the requested step which is the candidate for alteration.

Alternately, the predefined altering steps could provide enhanced functions not called for in the original candidate steps. Such enhanced functions may have become desirable, so long as they can be provided

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so as to be transparent to the original candidate-step or steps.

The method then makes a determination as to whether or not there are one or more post-alteration, site or user supplied steps. These steps can then be executed as indicated after executing the set of altering steps.

In accordance with yet another aspect of the invention, the method can be used for the purpose of allocating resources within a multiple node, multiple processor system. Each of the nodes can include one or more computer processors. The nodes can be physically displaced from one another, and can be coupled together via communication lines.

This aspect includes the steps of:

carrying out a sequence of steps in a
predetermined process;

be carried out and which is a candidate for translation; intercepting the detected step and determining if a previously defined, user supplied, pre-translation set of steps exists;

detecting a step in the sequence which is to

interrupting the sequence and executing the user supplied pre-translation set of steps as indicated;

translating the candidate step into a predetermined sequence of one or more predetermined translated steps;

subsequent to the translation step, determining if a previously defined, user supplied, post-translation set of steps exists;

executing the user supplied, post-translation set of steps as indicated; and

returning to the sequence of steps immediately after the detected step, thereby continuing the process.

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In yet another aspect of the invention, the method can be used for the purpose of resource allocation for the purpose of not only optimizing processing throughput, but also for the purpose of creating redundant databases automatically in spaced apart locations for purposes of other functions, such as disaster recovery, for instance.

These and other aspects and attributes of the present invention will be discussed subsequently with reference to the following drawings and accompanying specification.

### Brief Description Of The Drawing

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Figure 1 is a schematic diagram of a multiple node, multiple processor network;

Figure 2 is a schematic diagram of an environment in which a program unit might be executed;

Figure 3 is a flow diagram of a method in accordance with the present invention; and

Figure 4 is a flow diagram of an alternate method in accordance with the present invention.

#### Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiment

While this invention is susceptible of embodiment in many different forms, there is shown in the drawing, and will be described herein in detail, specific embodiments thereof with the understanding that the present disclosure is to be considered as an exemplification of the principles of the invention and is not intended to limit the invention to the specific embodiments illustrated.

The present method makes it possible for a program user or a system operator to update and modify pre-existing programs without requiring the recompiling of the source codes of the respective program unit(s).

This is accomplished by intercepting selected calls or references to procedures, program units, or variables that can be external or internal to a pre-existing executing program unit. One type of interceptable instruction is an operating system service call.

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On interception, the operating system will look for the called procedure in a library linked to the executing program unit, if such exists. In the absence of a program related library, or in the absence of a match with the called procedure in the executing program unit, the operating system will then attempt to find the called procedure or program unit in its system library.

Where a match is found in either the program library or the system library, that procedure or program unit is then executed. If there is no match, an indication of a run-time error should be returned to the calling program unit.

The present method makes available "user hooks" in the respective library procedures or program units. The phrase "user hooks" as used herein refers to intentionally created entry points or steps wherein a user or system operator can insert one or more computer instructions (blocks of code) for the purpose of transparently updating or modifying the executing program unit. Hence, the user has greater control over its computer system(s) and is able to make modifications or enhancements outside of the executing program unit. This avoids any need to modify or recompile that program unit.

Another advantage of the present method is that it can be used where the program library is incorporated into the program unit itself. The user hooks provide a way for a user or operator to create a bridge between various versions or releases of software packages, as well as program units.

- Sec. 60 311.334

Figure 1 illustrates schematically a multiple processor computer network 10. The network 10 includes a plurality of nodes 12 through 18.

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Each of the nodes 12 through 18 can include one or more computer systems. Representative examples include Tandem-type multiple processor computer systems which might include up to 16 processor modules.

It will be understood that a node, such as node 12, could be implemented as a stand-alone, single processor computer system. Neither the number of processors, nor the architecture thereof, nor the presence or absence of communication links are a limitation of the present invention. The present invention can be advantageously practiced in conjunction with a single, stand-alone system.

Each of the nodes 12 through 18 can communicate with at least one other node via communication channels, such as the channels 20a through 20e. The network 10 can be geographically disbursed with the nodes 12 through 18 coupled, at least in part, via long distance communication links or other communications methods.

Figure 2 illustrates schematically a program unit 30 which is to be executed on a processor 32. As is conventional, the program unit 30 communicates with the processor 32 via an operating system 34. The operating system 34 provides a variety of services to the executing program unit.

The program unit 30 and operating system 34 would normally be stored in one or more storage devices or units of the processor 32. The details of such storage and the process wherein the operating system 34 initiates executing of the program unit 30 on the processor 32 are known and are not a limitation of the present invention.

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As has long been recognized, one aspect of an operating system is to enhance the efficiency of utilization of the processor 32 as well as to improve the speed and ease of creation of programs such as the program unit 30. In this regard, the operating system 34 provides a variety of predefined commands, so-called "System Service Calls" (SSC), which carry out certain predefined functions when requested by a calling program unit.

Representative system service calls include a command to carry out a "read" function. A "read" request, based on supplied parameters, could request a read from a disk drive or other types of magnetic storage, or could request a read from a terminal or other devices.

Alternately, the operating system might support a system service call, such as a "write" to a storage unit or a device. A "write" request could send data or programs to communication lines, printers, or the like. A more extensive list of system service calls of a type supported by Tandem's GUARDIAN Operating System is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

In accordance with the present invention, there is interposed between the program unit 30 and the operating system 34 a functional layer 36 which includes the "user hooks" or entry points. At these points, an operator, a user, or a site can expand upon or modify external references or calls intercepted by the operating system.

Once an instruction has been intercepted, a first user hook is then checked or executed. This entry point can include an initial block of user or operator supplied code. This initial or "prior" block is to be executed before any modification and/or enhancement of

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the function which is the subject of the intercepted instruction is carried out.

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The intercepted call or service request may then be executed as required. This execution, as described below, can be modified and/or enhanced, or expanded upon in a predetermined fashion.

Then, a second user hook or entry point may be checked or executed to determine whether or not there is any post-translation, user, or site specific code which is to be executed. If so, that code is executed. Finally, appropriate parameters and/or data may be returned to the program unit 30 which had previously made the service request or call.

In accordance with the present invention, the interception process is carried out in one embodiment using a hierarchy that is very often imposed by the operating system between program library calls and system library calls. As a first step in carrying out the call or the functional request, if a program library 30a is associated with the program unit 30, the operating system 34 checks the program library 30a first to determine if the intercepted external reference or call is present in the program library.

By providing counterparts in the library 30a to some or all of the system service calls or functions of the operating system 34 before the operating system intercepts requests for such services from the program unit, the corresponding procedure in the program (not the system) library will be executed. This provides a vehicle to modify or expand such requests in a predetermined fashion.

Hence, by associating with the program library structure 30a, a plurality of modified operating system calls, when the program 30 executes a particular service call, service can be provided in accordance with that

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request. In addition, on a substantially transparent basis to the executing program unit, the service can be enhanced and/or modified, or completely changed in a predetermined fashion. If and when the appropriate parameters and/or data are then returned to the program unit 30, that program can then continue executing subsequent instructions.

It will be understood that the library 30a is not required to practice the present method. An equivalent structure can be implemented in the operating system 34 as discussed subsequently or in the program unit 30 itself.

Example 1 illustrates the process.

Subsequently referred to line numbers are listed along the left-hand margin of Example 1.

In Example 1, a read operation present in the program unit 30 could be intercepted and/or modified or translated on a substantially transparent basis in the interface layer 36. Line 40 of Example 1, defines the procedure to be executed as a "read" function with n parameters associated therewith.

The read process begins in a line 42. Line 44 represents a first user hook or entry point. A call is made to a procedure which includes one or more previously specified site specific or operator specific instructions which are not normally part of the "read" procedure. Subsequent to the execution of the procedure of line 44, the actual "read" procedure can be carried out as indicated schematically in line 46.

It should be noted that the actual read procedure which could be carried out could be a read procedure which is expanded and/or substantially different from the originally contemplated and specified read procedure in the calling program unit 30. Thus, a

bridging function can be provided, if necessary, between different program versions and/or releases.

2.

	40 .	PROC READ (1,	$2 \ldots n$			
	42	BEGIN				
	44	CALL PRIOR (1,	2 n)			
	46	JUMP TO READ F	TUNCTION VIA 0/S LOGICAL ADDRESS			
5	48	CALL POST (1,	$2 \ldots n$			
	50	END				
		PROC PRIOR (1,	2 n)			
10		BEGIN	USER INSTRUCTIONS CAN BE INSERTED AT THIS POINT IF DESIRED			
		END				
		PROC POST (1, 2 n)				
•		BEGIN	USER INSTRUCTIONS CAN BE INSERTED AT THIS POINT IF			
`15		END	DESIRED			

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EXAMPLE 1

Line 48 is a second user hook or entry point. A procedure is called which includes one or more site specific or operator specific instructions which may be carried out after the read function is carried out. The end of the procedure is indicated in line 50.

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It will be understood that the location, number, or function of the user hooks are not a limitation of the present invention. In addition, the present invention contemplates the use of multi-levels of entry points, such as in the program unit, the program library, or the system library.

Upon a return from the read procedure of Example 1 to the program unit 30, that program will continue execution which can be based on returned parameters or data, if any, which resulted from the read procedure initiated therein. Hence, information actually supplied to the program unit 30 could come from a completely different location and/or source than that originally contemplated by the program unit 30 and this change could be completely transparent thereto.

Figure 3 illustrates a flow diagram of an embodiment of the method of the present invention. The process of Figure 3 will be explained below in combination with the text of Example 1. In the embodiment of Figure 3, the program library 30a has been previously linked to the program unit 30 and is available at run time. Using the above-noted hierarchal approach, the operating system 34 checks the library 30a first when the program unit 30 calls an external function or service, or tries to initiate execution of an external procedure.

The library 30a has been previously loaded with procedures corresponding to at least some of the external references for the program 30. The names of some of the previously loaded library procedures must be

the same as the names of system service calls that are to be expanded upon and/or modified. (Usually, this is regarded as an error to be carefully avoided!)

In addition, it is necessary to be able to acquire, usually via the operating system, the logical address(es) of the respective system service call(s) in the operating system's library to be intercepted. The respective library procedure requires this information to be able to call that service function without using the name thereof.

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For instance, in Example 1, a "read" system service call is to be intercepted and/or modified. The program library, as a result, includes a PROC READ. In line 46, to call the actual read in the operating system library, a: JUMP TO LOGICAL ADDRESS OF SSC READ must be executed to prevent PROC READ from calling itself.

Referring to Figure 3, the execution of the program unit 30 has been previously initiated. Step 62 represents execution of the program unit 30 until an external request of some sort is made or until the program unit 30 is completed, at which point it terminates in a step 64.

In the event that the program unit 30 makes an external request, such as a request for a "read" or "write" for example, the operating system 34, in step 68, first checks the program library 30a, if any, to determine whether or not this function or procedure is found therein. If the called function, procedure, or external reference is located by the operating system 34 in the library 30a, for example, the "read" procedure of Example 1, that procedure is initiated.

In a step 72, the first user hook or entry point is encountered. This corresponds to the call at line 44 of Example 1. If there exists operator or site specific procedures and/or code, such steps should be

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executed. This corresponds to carrying out the procedure of line 44 of Example 1.

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In a step 76, the system service call or other function, called by program unit 30, is carried out, corresponding to carrying out the "read" function of line 46 of Example 1. The executed procedure from the operating system that is executed may be <u>different</u> from that contemplated by the creator of the program unit 30.

In a step 78, the second or "post" user hook or entry point is encountered. This corresponds to carrying out the procedure of line 48 of Example 1. Then, there is a return to execution of the program unit 30 in a step 80. While executing user hook instructions, alternate return paths, such as step 80a or step 80b could be provided by the user.

In this example, if the called procedure or service request is not found in the library 30a, and if it is in the system library, then, in a step 70, the requested service or procedure is carried out, perhaps in combination with other services of the operating system\_34. Any necessary parameters and/or data are returned to the program unit 30 which continues executing in step 62a.

As can be observed from the process of Figure 3, as a result of the site specific user supplied pretranslation and/or pre-modification steps, the first user hook, such as the process 44, along with the post-translation or post-modification steps, such as the process 48, it is relatively easy for an operator and/or a user to provide extensions, translations, and/or modifications to the original function being requested by the program unit 30. These are all outside of the program unit 30 and are substantially transparent to it.

Figure 4 illustrates an alternate embodiment of the present invention. In the embodiment of Figure

4, the program unit 30 need not have a library 30a associated therewith.

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However, the names of the procedures or system service calls in the operating system library have been previously altered to distinguish them from the called procedure or "system service call" to be intercepted. With this change, the actual operating system call, under the new name, can subsequently be made. One of these procedures could correspond to the "open" procedure. Renaming pertinent system service routines in the system library, such as "open to "sopen", as illustrated in Figure 4, step 34b, can be done when the operating system is compiled and linked together. In addition, corresponding procedures, as illustrated in Figure 4, step 72a, must be loaded into the system library with the original names of the system service calls to be intercepted.

If the respective system library procedures of the operating system had been previously modified and expanded upon as described above, it would be possible to carry out a corresponding user specified "prior" procedure as identified on line 44 of Example 1 in step 72a, analogous to the step 72 previously discussed. After executing corresponding and/or similar system service calls in step 76a, the user defined instructions represented by the "post" procedure of Example 1 can be executed in a plurality of steps 78a. Subsequently, the operating system 34 returns appropriate parameters and/or data, if any, to the program unit 30, which then continues executing in a step 62a.

Using the previously described method, either the embodiment of Figure 3 or that of Figure 4, makes it possible for a user and/or operator to upgrade, maintain, and/or modify program units, such as the unit 30, to deal with both a changing environment and also

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changing functional requirements, now and in the future. It is also possible to modify and/or upgrade system service calls so as to provide substantially different and/or enhanced functions not previously available to the corresponding program units, such as the program unit 30, as well as operating system 34.

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The above-described instruction interceptions are carried out at run-time, and are substantially transparent to the executing program unit. Source code for the program unit is not required to practice the present method.

By making the "user hooks" or entry points available, as described above, both before and after executing the corresponding system service calls, for example, users and/or operators will be able to more effectively manage, maintain, and upgrade their program units in a very cost effective fashion. Further, because the present method is substantially external to the respective program unit, there should be no impact to third party vendor or maintenance relationships.

- Additional representative examples of ways in which the methods of Figures 3 and/or 4 could be used include improved resource allocation in a multi-processor environment by including provision for user specific and/or operator specific modification to resource allocation routines. Redundant write operations can be provided when carrying out the write function to provide multiple, substantially transparent, sets of data which can be used for verification, disaster recovery functions or the like.

Thus, in accordance with the present invention a user interface is provided to, on a substantially transparent basis, modify requests made by an executing program unit for a variety of purposes. This modification process takes place substantially outside of the program unit. It can be substantially outside of the associated

operating system but can be readily modified by the operator and/or the user for purposes of customization.

The present invention has been discussed in terms of translating and/or modifying instructions at run time in a program unit, such as the exemplary program unit 30. It will be understood that the present methods can be used with any type of program unit, such as an application, a utility, or the like. Hence, the present method could also be used to translate and/or modify instructions in programs that may be routinely thought of as part of the operating system.

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It will also be understood that the embodiments of Figures 3 and/or 4 could be combined. In addition, it is also within the spirit and scope of the present invention to alternately merge some of the procedures of the program library with the associated main program unit.

Example 2 is a further illustration of the method hereof in source code form.

From the foregoing, it will be observed that numerous variations and modifications may be effected without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention. It is to be understood that no limitation with respect to the specific apparatus illustrated herein is intended or should be inferred. It is, of course, intended to cover by the appended claims all such modifications as fall within the scope of the claims.

## EXHIBIT A

A SERVICE CONTRACTOR

PARTIAL LIST OF TANDEM'S GUARDIAN
OPERATING SYSTEM CALLS
(WITHOUT PARAMETERS)

ALTER

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ALTER PRIORITY

10 APS DATA GETPARAM

CONTROL

CREATE

DEFINEADO

DEFINEINFO

15 MEASURINFO

NEWPROCESS

OPEN FILE

PRINTINFO

PRINTREAD

20 READ

WRITE

EXAMPLE

?INSPECT, SYMBOLS, SAVEABEND The procedure chosen to intercept is only used as an example and can and could be changed to or combined with any EXTERNAL procedure CALL from a program unit. Viewing the original program unit(s) source code.

Viewing the original program unit(s) object code.

Re-compiling the original program unit(s) source code.

Prior knowledge of the pre-exsisting computer instructions.

A total knowledge of the users present and or future needs.

A complete understanding of the pre-exsisting instructions.

Knowing the users purpose or reasons for the interception.

That all the pre-exsisting instructions be executed.

The result of the user hooks be executed.

The result of the pre-exsisting instructions change.

Guidance or expertise from original authors or inventors.

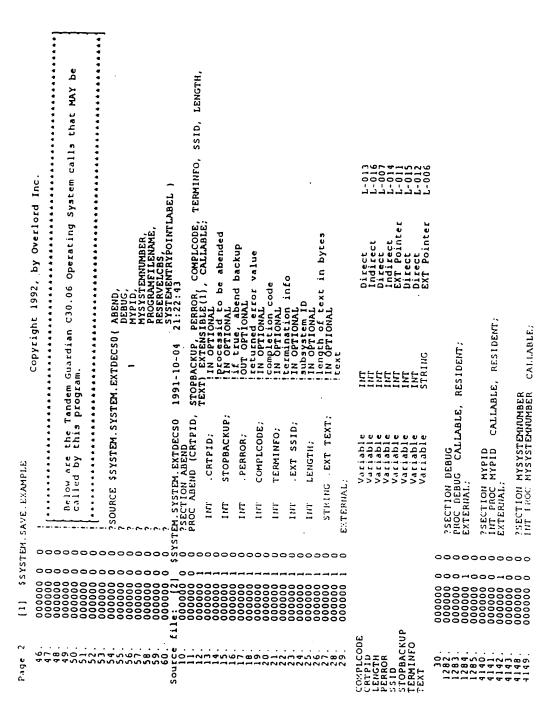
Any additional physical, electronic or mechanical device. The computer language chosen to demonstrate this example is only used as an example and can and could be changed to or combined with another computer language. The computer system chosen to demonstrate this example on is only used as an example and can and could be changed to or combined with another computer system or a number of combinations of computer Purport : To demonstrate a method of intercepting pre-exsisting computer instructions in order to modify and or enhance pre-exsisting computer instructions and supply user hooks's, without the requirement and or need of one or more of the following: The intercept method used to demonstrate this example is only used as one example of the method and can and could be changed in order to comply with other computer systems operating systems. Copyright 1992, By Overlord Inc., All rights reserved Author : Don Kennedy NOTE 0000000 

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\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE

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Page 1



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		L-003		L-004 L-003		L-003 L-004	S ) PIN, SYSTEM ) EXTENSIBLE, CALLABLE;	L-012 L-013 L-006 L-005 L-007	
;	1992, by OVECLOFG INC.	Indirect	YF) CALLABLE; /E FOR \$RECEIVE /E FOR SENDING	Direct Direct	E, LEN) CALLABLE;	Direct Indirect	PEEKCONFIGURA SEEKSTATISTIC 53 7, LEN, TIME,	EXT Pointer Direct Direct Indirect Indirect	
0001 442 14200	LENAME ME (NAME) CALLABLE POUT FILE NAME	INT	RECEIVECHT, SENDONT); ! IN	Ħ Ħ	SYSTEMENTRYPOINTLABEL SYSTEMENTRYPOINTLABEL (NAME, NAME; EU;	INT	4 12:1 UCTL( -06 09 S(CPU,	INT INT INT INT INT FIXED (0)	FIGURATION
SYSTEM EXTDECSO	EXTERMAL: 3SECTION PROGRAMFILENAME FROC PROGRAMFILENAME (NAME) CAL INT . HAME: EXTERMAL:	Variable	PSECTION RESERVELCBS FROC RESERVECES (RECEIVECHT, INT RECEIVECNT;     TO INT SENDONT;     TO EXTERNAL;	Variable Variable	PSECTION SYSTEMENT INT PROC SYSTEMENT STRING NAME; INT LEN; EXTERNAL;	Variable Variable	EM. SAVE. EXAMPLE  SOURCE SYSTEM  EN. ZGUARD, PCPUC  SECTION GETPEE  INT ENC GETPEE  INT ENT ENTER  INT THE  INTERIALLY  ENTERNALLY  SYSTEM  ENTERNALLY	Variable Variable Variable Variable Variable	SECTION GETPEEKCONFIGURATION
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SYS	-0000		000		000		0 000 00		0
(2)	0000000		00000000	THI	000000		file: [1] 000000 00000000000000000000000000000		000000
Paye 3	4150. 4151. 4631. 4633. 4633.	NAME	44444096 6444444	RECEIVECHT SENDCHT	500000 500000 5000000 5000000 500000	SM48 HM48	50976 00000 000000 000000 000000 0000000000	Section of the control of the contro	227.

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Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	GETPEEKCONFIGURATION ( CPU, BUE, LEN, TIME, PIN, SYSTEM )  CPU, ENTENSIBLE, CALLABLE; LEN; TIME; TIME; SYSTEM;	EXT Pointer L-012 Direct L-013 Direct L-010 Indirect L-006 Direct L-005 Indirect L-005	
[3] \$SYSTEM. #GUARD. PCPUCTL Copyright 199	INT PROC GETPEEKCONFIGURATION ( CPU, B  INT	Variable INT Variable INT Variable INT Variable INT Variable INT Variable INT	Source file: [1] \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE 1992-12-04 12:13:07 64. 000000 0 0 j
STE	00000000		\$ S Y 0
SY	0		_ >
[3] \$	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		file: [1]
Page 4	228. 229. 230. 231. 233. 235.	BUF CPU LEN PIN SYSTEM TIME	Source 64.

ord Inc.	Below are the pre and post EXTERNAL user hook definitions for the Tandem Guardian TOSVERSION intercept procedures.	The names chosen for the pre and post user hooks are only used as an example and these procedures can and could be named other names. The parameters chosen to be passed to the pre and post user hooks are used only for example and the number of paramaters and or names can and could be changed, deleted, and or added to.	In this example the pre user hook procedure "before TOSVERSION CALL" is called from the intercept TOSVERSION procedure passing the Tandem Guardian procedure TOSVERSION address.  In this example the post user hook procedure "after TOSVERSION CALL" is called from the intercept TOSVERSION procedure passing the Tandem Guardian version level received from the Tandem Guardian procedure TOSVERSION.	C before TOSVERSION CALL (TOSVERSION procedure address ); NT TOSVERSION procedure address; ERNAL; Variable INT Direct L-003	level );	L-003
Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	Bulow are the pre and post EXTERNAL user hook de	e pre and post us ocedures can and o be passed to the le and the numbes 1, deleted, and	user hook proced reept TOSVERSION ERSION address. F. user hook proced reept TOSVERSION level received	PROC before TOSVERSION CALL (TOSVERSION procedure address ); INT TOSVERSION procedure address: EXTERNAL; Variable INT Direct L-003	PROC after TOSVERSION CALL (Guardian version level INT Guardian version level;	Direct
Copyrigh	re and post EXTI	s chosen for the le and these pro meters chosen to only for exampl	In this example the pre user hook procise called from the intercept TOSVERSIC Guardian procedure TOSVERSION address. In this example the post user hook pro is called from the intercept TOSVERSIC Tandem Guardian version level received procedure TOSVERSION.	ROC before TOSVERSION CALL (TOSVE) INT TOSVERSION PROCEDURE Address. SXTERNAL; Variable INT	SVERSION^CALL( C	INT
\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE	Below are the p	NOTE: The name an examp	In this is called Guardian In this is called Tandem Groedur	PROC before TO INT TOSVERS: EXTERNAL; Variable	PROC after^TO: INT Guardian EXTERNAL;	Variable
. SAVE				: (*)		-
TEN	00000	0000000		00000	0000	EL 0
(1) \$SYS	0 0000000			88. 000000 0 ! [- 89. 000000 0 0 ! 90. 000000 0 0 91. 92. 00000 1 0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	GUARDIANTVERSIONTLEVEL 97. 000000 0 0
Page 5	666. 69. 70.			88. 89. 90. 91. 92.	9 9 9 9 6 5 5 6	GUARDIAN <sup>2</sup> 97.

	•	Cthat ] unit(s) ] on is a ] cen if	dasa	im unit ) system )	of o that	ค. E	
TOTAL TIME		Guardian operating system CALI operating system the program s) can determine if the versic , and proper action can be tak	a MAIN procedure it can be use t.	unit as a library, this progra the Tandem Guardian operating fy and or enhance the original	particular procedure as part Jood candidate to intercept, s wanced and or modified.	ercepted in order to allow us SVERSION Tandem Guardian CALL ance the pre-exsisting progra	
		TOSVERSION: This is normally a Tandem Guardian operating system CALL that program unit(s) would CALL to see what operating system the program unit(s) are running on. Then the program unit(s) can determine if the version is a proper version of the operating system, and proper action can be taken if	[ Since this program unit does not have a MAIN procedure it can be used as a   User and or System library program unit.	When program unit(s) use this program unit as a library, this program unit will intercept the TOSVERSION CALL to the Tandem Guardian operating system and user hooks CAN be utilized to modify and or enhance the original program unit(s).	Since many program units may CALL this particular procedure as part of their initialization process, it is a good candidate to intercept, so that the original program unit(s) can be enhanced and or modified.	In This example, TOSVERSION will be intercepted in order to allow user hooks to be placed prior to the real TOSVERSION Tandem Guardian CALL as well as after in order to modify or enhance the pre-exsisting program unit(s).	
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	000		000	00000	0000	00000	
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	99. 100.	103. 103. 106.	108. 109. 110.	111. 112. 114.	116. 119.	121. 122. 123. 123.	125. 126.

nc .		.Copyright[0:15] := ("Copyright By Overlord Inc., 1992"], .Author[0:8] := ("Donald J. Kennedy "], .overlord^version[0:14] := ("G90C30.06.00.0LRDC30.06.A10.00"];		ERSION^CALL, RSION^CALL;	
by Overlord I		("Copyright ["Donald J. ["G90C30.06.	0000	Gbefore TOSVE	°°°
2,		0 11 11	11 11 11 12		 u u
Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	HIT TROC TOSVERSION; REGIN	.Copyright[0:15] .Author[0:8] .overlord^version[0:14]	- ឞ៝៷៳	<pre>pre^user^hook^present := @before^TOSVERSION^CALL, post^user^hook^present := @after^TOSVERSION^CALL;</pre>	version^level TOSVERSION^address
	ROC TOS	INT	INT	INI	I N
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	0000000	000000 000000 000031 000031	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
	129. 129. 130.	132. 133. 135.	139.	143.	145. 146. 147.

\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.				MOTE: Using this program unit as a library program unit .		System Library;		If this program unit is going to be used as a System Library	program unit then the Tandem Guardian TOSVERSION procedure name	Discrete to discrete to discrete the bind the bind utility on the bine bise-example to the bine bise-example to the bine bise-example to the bise-		The "TOSVERSION" name" variable should be changed to the new name	also the "TOSVERSION name length" variable should be thanked to the	length in BYTES of the new name,		This program unit should then be compiled and BOUND with the proper	pre-exalating System Library program unit prior to the OSIMAGE		Saturday Control of the Control of t	this program upit will be used in	Drogram unit will be used as a System Library		With Die-exsisting User Library:		This program unit should be compiled and BOUND with the	pre-exsisting User Library program unit and a new User library	program unit should be created and linked to the proper program	UNIT (9).		oser biblary;	This program unit should be committed than the state of	proper program unit (s)		
EM.SA	-	-									_	_										_	_				-	-			-	= :		- -
SYST	-	-	-	-	<b>-</b>	٦.	<b>-</b> .	<b>-</b> -	<b>-</b> -			-	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>		<b>→</b> -	<b>-</b> -	- ٠		-	_	_	_	_	<b>-</b> .	<u>~</u> .				_			
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Page 8	149.	150.	151.	152.	153.	. 54	155.	126.	158.	159.	160.	161.	162.	163.	164.	. 65.	. 60	. 691	. 69	170.	171.	172.	173.	174.	175.	9 [				181	182.	183		186.

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(1) \$SYSTEM.SAVE ENAMPLE	Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	050 1 1 '	000050 1 1	-	100050 1 1 1 HOTE: Using this program unit as part of a MAIN program unit.	000050 1 1 if	1 1 :-	00050 1 1 ( unit by doing the following	000050 1 1 1	00050 1 1 : A. BIND this prodram unit into a pre-exeisting MAIN program unit	000050 1 1 (	050 1 1	000050 1 1 1
		000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000
age 9		188.	189.	190.	191.	192.	193.	194.	195.	196.	197.	198.	199.

```
TOSVERSION^address := SYSTEMENTRYPOINTLABEL( s^TOSVERSION^name, TOSVERSION^name^length );
                                                                                           := @TOSVERSION^name '<<' 1;
                                                    .TOSVERSION name [0:4] := ["TOSVERSION"], TOSVERSION name length := 10;
                Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.
                                                                                       STRING .s TOSVERSION name
 [1] $SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE
                                                   Į
Page 10
                                     201.
202.
203.
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204.
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Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	-			( Check to see if the preduser book procedure is present and if an above it	( the before TOSVERSION CALL prior to executing the transmission of the CALL )	I TOSVERSION CALL and bass the address of the TOSVERSION PROCESSION	. Disconding the second			1F pre-user/hook/présent > 0 THEN	CALL before TOSVERSION CALL ( TOSVERSION and train	
	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	7	_	~	_
	. 4	- 4	14.	4 1	4	4	4	4	4	-	7	,
	000134	000134	000134	000134	00013	000134	000134	000134	000134	000134	000137	000142
	211.	212.	213.	214.	215.	216.	217.	218.	219.	220.	221.	222

[1] \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE

				-	_			_		_				
raye 12   1   35 ISTEM SAVE EXAMPLE	Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.				NOTE : It is possible that the before-TOSVERSION-CALL procedure	execute a RETURN statement with it's own values which would return	remaining introduce of 191nating program unit (s) and not execute the	in the state of th	( This could be of value to the meet if and	be told that they are on operating system versions that	not really on and do not require the real operating they are	to be checked.		
-		_	. ~	_				_	-	<b></b> -	<b>-</b> -		٠.	
5756 [1]		000142 1	000142	000142 1	000142	000142	000142 1	000142 1	000142	000142 1	1 2 7 1 0 0 0	000142	000142 1	000142
נמאב זי		224.	225.	779.	228	229.	230.	231.	232.	233.	235	236.	237.	238.

CALL the Tandem Guardian TOSVERSION procedure and get the Tandem Guardian operating system release level. Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc. STACK TOSVERSION address; CODE( DPCL ); STORE version level; \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE Page 13 2440. 2441. 2441. 2444. 2446. 2550. 2550. 2550.

					_	<b>-</b>	 _	_		· · · · ·			
raye 14 (1) \$SISIEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE	Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.				1 : [ Check to see if the post-user book is present and if it is also	1 if after TOSVERSION CALL Drior to refurting the walls of the many	1 ( Operating system level to the originating and another time landem Guardia	I if the state of			1 If bost book breash > 0 THEN	CALL after TOSVERSION CALL (versions) 1.	// Teast interest in the second in the secon
2124		000145 1	000145 1	000145 1	000145 1	000145 1	000145 1	000145 1	000145 1	000145 1	000145 1	0.00150	1 151000
בי שלפי		255.	256.	257.	258.	259.	260.	261.	262.	263.	264.	265.	266

age 15 [1] \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.				1 ! NOTE : It is possible that the after TOSVERSION CALL procedure could	l ( execute a RETURN statement with it's own values which would return i	1 ! ( control to the originating program unit(s) and not execute the	1   remaining intructions in this procedure.		l ( This could be of walue to the user if some program unit (s) must	l ( be told that they are on a operating system version that they are	1 ! not really on, but do require that the real operating system version	1 first be checked.				
SYSTE	-	- -	-	_	-	-	_	_	-	- -	_	-	-	-	-	
\$	000153	000153	000153	000153	000153	000153	000153	000153	000153	000153	000153	000153	000153	000153	000153	
age 15	268.	269.	270.	271.	272.	273.	274.	275.	276.	277.	278.	279.	280.	281.	282.	

			000-00
			030471 030060 070434 024744 000025
	•		026040 033056 070414 100012 170403 001000
			061456 027060 047516 070464 026047 040405
	will the		044556 031460 051511 000002 100011 044410
	which will CALL to the	·	062040 030103 042522 000454 003706 027000
	ocedure ade the	751000000000000000000000000000000000000	067562 (043471 (051526 (000025 (0000025 (0000025 (0000025 (0000025 (0000025 (0000025 (0000025 (0000005 (0000005 (0000005 (0000005 (000
100	RSION pr	L+0002 L+0000 L+0000 L+0000 L+0000 L+0010 L+0010 L+0010	071154 074440 052117 000000 040412 040407
Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	RETURN the value from the Tandem Guardian TOSVERSION procedure which will trundem Guardian TOSVERSION procedure which will Tandem Guardian TOSVERSION procedure.  RETURN version level;	Indirect Indirect Indirect Direct Direct Indirect Direct Direct Indirect Indirect Indirect	000010 000030 000050 000070 000110 000110
qht 199	andem Gua original procedure		073145 062544 030060 010401 170413 016003
Copyri	from the Tander ck to the original orig	INT INT INT INT INT INT INT INT INT INT	020117 067156 030056 024700 100020 026047
	W the value from the T n control back to the in Guardian TOSVERSION RETURN version level;	FEET FEET FEET FEET FEET FEET FEET FEET	041171 045545 040461 0003673 1000005
ω	the valu control Guardian	Variable	072040 027040 033056 020376 000025
\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE	RETURN Feturn Fundem	A C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	063550 020112 027060 000000 170401 000025
EM. SAVE			071151 066144 031460 010401 002055 170411
\$SYST	55333333333333333333333333333333333333	N PRESENT RESENT ME ESS	0171 2103 2103 4700 4700 6047 0 0
3	000153 000153 000153 000153 000153 000153 000153 000153	TVERSIO TVERSIO THOOK? THOOK? SION?NA SION?NA DN?NAME CEVEL	041557 07 042157 06 046122 04 100000 02 0300017 02 024700 02
Page 16	2884 2885 2886 2886 299 299 299 299	AUTHOR COPPATIGHT E L L OVERLORD-VERSION POST-USER-HOOK-PRESENT S S-TOSVERSION-NAME TOSVERSION-NAME TOSVERSION-NAME TOSVERSION-NAME TOSVERSION-NAME TOSVERSION-NAME TOSVERSION-NAME TOSVERSION-NAME TOSVERSION-NAME	0000000 000020 000040 0000100 0001100 2965

enhancements of the pre-easisting computer instructions without the original authors and or inventors guidance or expertise.  of the original authors and or inventors guidance or expertise.  PROC before TOSVERSION CALL (TOSVERSION Procedure address);  INT TOSVERSION Procedure can be removed from this program unit if ne logic will be executed.  User computer instructions can be placed in this area that should be executed prior the the REAL TOSVERSION procedure being made if needed.	: ~	•	enhancements of the pre-exsisting computer instructions without the	thuck without one or more of the requirements listed earlier. This allows	if The user can change the scope of the original program unit(s) by using this		F. Calculate the time between CALLS to TOSVERSION.	109	Add add	the state of the s	( of one or more possible ways this user hook could be used:	ON prior to the CALL bein	! before TOSVERSION CALL : This procedure ( IF PRESENT ) can		
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000	000	00	00	0	>0	•	, 0	00	<b>o</b> c	0				
	000-	000	00	00	20	200	,00	000	00	90	0		0	_	-
			000		000	200	200	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000000
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				:	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	•
age 15 [1] SSISLEM SAVE. EXAMPLE	Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.				NOTE: This properties has been asset a second	) if the procedure can be removed from this program unit if needed.	If left empty, it will exill be selled to	identify in the called, but no additional		User computer inferring one has been	should be executed where the placed in this area that	is made, if needed			
121		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
S* [1]		000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	020000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000
ale 15		372.	373.	374.	375.	376.	377.	378.	379.	380.	381.	382.	383.	384.	385.

\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE	Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	-			[ The following example is one of may uses that this	I Tot.		[ EXAMPLE : This hook will allow pre-exercistion program:	program unit as a library and making a Cair to monopored (	the original program unit(s), to also CALL to Insversion	procedure, before returning control back to the original program	unit(s).	44 90 0000	Source of the Pre-exsisting program units may CALL the Tandem	using the later CALL	RESERVETORS he intercent to RESERVETORS and may require that the	in the user hoof "bricepted and similar user hook logic be placed )	יייני יייניי יייניי יייניי יייניי איניייי איניייייייי	NOTE : The RESERVELCES intercept procedure as usil as the	before AESERVEICES CALL and after as well as	not included in this example but the intercent Course	Would be the same, and could also be incorporated in this	program unit.	Of the state of th	RESERVECERS DISCORDED THIS WILL STATE OF THE THE	Die-existing program unit and will allow these original	the RESERVELCES procedure if the modified and enhanced to CALL	available and these pre-exeignting more maintenances are	to the Tandem Guardian TOSVERSTON Procedure (S) make a CALL				
STE		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>o</b> :	<b>&gt;</b> c	0	0	0	0	၁	0	0	0	0	0 :	<b>5</b> C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
\$ S }		00	30 1	000	00	00	00	20	- 0	2	2.5	2 9	20			9	- 0	~ 0	- 0	0	 0		 	•	0	0	_ _	<b>-</b>	بر 0	-	-	~	
[1]		000000	000000	000000	00000	000000	000000	00000	00000	000000	000000		000000	00000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	00000	00000		00000	000000	000000	00000	000000	00000	00000	000000	000000	
Page 20		387.	388.	389.	390.	391.	392.	393.	394.	395	96.	. 860	399	400	401	402.	103.	404	405	406.	407.	408	V	411.	412.	413.	414.	415	416.	417.	- 8	4 1 9 .	

Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	Copyright[0:15] := ["Copyright 1992, By Overlord Inc."] Author[0:8] := ["Donald J. Kennedy"], overlord*version[0:14] := ["G90C30.06.00.0LRDC30.06.N10.00"];	STRUCT cpu^config^values(*);  BEGIN  INT total_pts;  INT total_bts;  INT mappool_size;  INT total_bts;  INT total_tes;  INT total_bts;  END:	STRUCT cpu^current^values(*);  BEGIN FIXED delta^time^ready^list; FIXED delta^time^ready^queued; INT (32) page^fault^count; INT (32) page^fault^count; FIXED delta^time^memory/queued; INT (32) daspach^count; INT (32) daspach^count; INT (32) dascla^count; INT current^appool; INT current^appool; INT current^bpts; END:
\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE	BEGIN INT .Co	STRUCT CPU BEGIN INT INT INT INT INT INT INT INT INT I	STRUCT cpu bCOIN BCOIN INT FIXED INT (32) INT (3
ă	00	155555555	
SYST			
	0000000 0000000 0000000 0000000 0000000		200000000000000000000000000000000000000
(2)	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	00000000000000000000000000000000000000
Page 21	244444 2012 2012 2014 2016 3016		

Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	<pre>cpu^config^values ) - 1 / 2 ], cpu^current^values ) - 1 / 2 ], is ) = cpu^config^buffer, ies ) = cpu^current^buffer,</pre>	<pre>:= \$XADR( cpu^config^buffer ), := \$XADR( cpu^current^buffer );</pre>	:= 0, := 0, := 0, := 0, := 0, := \$LEN( cpu^config^values ), := \$LEN( cpu^current^values ), := { 12 * { " " } };
\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE Copyright 199	<pre>IIIT .cpu^config^buffer {0: ( \$LEN ( cpu^config^values )</pre>	<pre>!IT .EXT x^cpu^config^huffer .EXT x^cpu^current^buffer</pre>	<pre>liff my^cpu ny^system^number ny^system,number my^pin my^pin current^percent^lcbs^free allocate^send^lcbs allocate^receive^lcbs program^loop^counter cpu^config^length cpu^current^length .my^program^file^name [0:11]</pre>
AVE.	- ·		-
를 된 ::			
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Page 22	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	470.	44444444444444444444444444444444444444

\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.		The threshold and table settings are located here		empty table space will not be checked.		<pre>1 1 LITERAL max^programs = 15, ! maximum programs that the table can hold 1 1 entry^length = 6, ! Size of each table entry 1 1 table^size = max^programs * entry^length;</pre>		l Program Reserve Reserve Program File SEND RECEIVE Entry I Hame LCB's LCB's Number	ERV 7, 2 I. 7, 2 NT 7, 1	1 1 EUFORM 7, 3 , 2 , 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		22.	TACL 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	. = 0F;	
[1]	000064 1 000064 1	000064 1	0000064 0000064 0000064 1	000064 1	000064 1 0000064 1 0000064 1 0000064 1	000064 1 000064 1 000064 1	000064	0000064 1	0000041	000106 1	000136	000160 1	000174 1 000202 1 000210 1	000216 1	000216 000020 0000320 0000321 0000332
Fage 23	486. 487.	189.	4 4 9 9 2	495. 497.	5000 5000 5001 5001	504. 506. 506.	508.	\$15. \$11.	8 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	518. 519.	\$22. \$22. \$22.	524. 525.	526. 527. 528.	529. 530.	8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9

SAVE.EXAMPLE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.		Get current system status to see what percent of LCB's are free	CALL GETPEEKCONFIGURATION ( my^cpu,	my'thine, my'pin, my'system'number );	CALL GETPEEKSTATISTICS ( my^cpu, x^cpu^current^buffer, cpu^current^length,	my^pin, my^system^number );
[1] \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE		Get cur	CALL GETPEEK	-	CALL GETPEEKS	-
TEM						
SYS						
(1)	000332	000332	000332	000332 000332 000332	000346 000346 000346	000346 000346 000362
age 24	538. 539.	5542 543 543	545. 546. 547.	548. 549. 550.	552. 553. 554. 555.	556. 557. 558.

Page 24

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Jocate'send'lcbs := current'program'file'name(4);
allocate'receive'lcbs := current'program'file'name(5);
CALL RESERVELCBS( allocate'send'lcbs, allocate'receive'lcbs );
RND;
GCURRENT'PROGRAM'file'name
IF CURRENT'PROGRAM'file'name = "UNUSED" THEN
IN PROGRAM'LOOP COUNTER := ( max'programs - 1 );
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                ...current^program^file^name = my^program^file^name[8] FOR
BEGIN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  LL PROGRAMFILENAME( my^program^file^name );
FOR program^loop^pcounter := 0 TO ( max^programs - 1 ) DO
BEGIN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     IF lcb'saftey'threshold < current'percent'lcbs'free THEN
BEGIN
                                                                                                                                                                                                       @current^program^file^name := @program^file^name^table;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       L+021
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Page 2		1 PCE	CUR	1 CUR		1 008	CURRENT	CURRENT	ENTRY LENGTH	GUARDIAN VERSION LEVEL	LCBSAP	MAY PROCKAMS	NY PEO	MYAPIN	MY PROGRAM FILE NAME	MY SYSTEM NUMBER	MY^TIME	OVERLORD VERSION	PROGRAM FILE NAME TABLE	PROGRAM LOOP COUNTER TABLE SIZE	X CPU CONFIG BUFFER	X^CPU^C	000000													

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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Page 28 [1] \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE		FILE: \C	SP PEP BASE LIMIT ENTRY ATTRS	
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## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. An apparatus for translating one or more steps of a pre-existing method for carrying out a predetermined function, wherein user defined steps can be incorporated therein, comprising:

circuitry for detecting a step from the pre-existing method which is a candidate for a translation; and

circuitry for determining if a previously defined, user supplied, pre-translation set of steps is to be executed before executing any predetermined translation steps, and in response to the determining steps, executing the set of pre-translation steps where indicated.

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- 2. An apparatus according to claim 1 further including means for determining if a previously defined, user supplied, post-translation set of steps is to be executed after executing any predetermined translation steps, and in response thereto, executing the post steps where indicated.
- 3. A process of translating one or more steps of a pre-existing method for carrying out a predetermined function, wherein user defined steps can be incorporated therein, in accordance with the apparatus of claim 1, comprising:

detecting a step from the pre-existing method which is a candidate for a translation; and

determining if a previously defined, user supplied, pre-translation set of steps is to be executed before executing any predetermined translation steps, and in response to the determining step, executing the set of pre-translation steps where indicated.

4. The process of claim 3 further including the step of:

*y* :

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determining if a previously defined, user supplied, post-translation set of steps is to be executed after executing any predetermined translation steps, and in response thereto, executing the post steps where indicated.

5. A method of executing a predefined set of steps, including altering one or more of the steps in a predetermined fashion wherein user defined steps can be incorporated therein, in accordance with the apparatus of claim 1, comprising:

detecting a step which is a candidate for alteration:

executing the altering steps; and
determining if a previously defined, user
supplied, post-alteration set of steps is to be executed
after executing the set of post-alteration steps where
indicated.

6. The method of claim 5 further including, after the detecting step, the step of:

determining if a previously defined, user supplied, pre-alteration set of steps is to be executed before executing any predetermined altering steps, and in response to the determining step, executing the set of pre-alteration steps where indicated.

7. A method of intercepting and modifying pre-existing instructions at run time in a computer program being executed in an apparatus as in claim 1, comprising:

intercepting a selected instruction and determining if it is a candidate for modification:

subsequent to the modifying step, evaluating if a previously defined, operator supplied, post-modification set of steps exists;

executing the operator supplied, post
modification set of steps as indicated; and
returning to the sequence of steps immediately
after the detected step, thereby continuing the process.

determining if an alterable, previously defined, pre-modification set of instructions is to be
executed, and in response thereto, executing the premodification set of instructions, if any; and

modifying or executing the intercepted instruction.

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8. The method of claim 7 further including the step of:

determining if an alterable, previously defined, post-modification set of instructions is to be executed, and in response thereto, executing the post-modification set of instructions, if any.

9. A method of allocating resources within a multiple node, multiple processor system, wherein at least some of the nodes are spaced apart and are interconnected by communication links, wherein one or more of the processors includes an apparatus as in claim 1, the method comprising:

carrying out a sequence of steps in a predetermined process in a selected processor at one of the nodes;

detecting a step in the sequence which is to be carried out and which is a candidate for run-time modification;

intercepting the detected step and evaluating if a previously defined, operator supplied, pre-modification set of steps exists;

interrupting the sequence and executing the
operator supplied pre-modification set of steps as
indicated;

modifying the candidate step using a
predetermined sequence of one or more predetermined
modifier steps;